

# The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881)

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Anders. Meyer & Co., Ltd.

## REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

### CONDITIONS IN GERMANY.

#### AMERICA AND ITALY PREPARING TO RESUME TRADE.

London, July 1. The reports of British officers on the economic conditions prevailing in Germany, issued as a White Paper, show that Count Rantzau, interviewed, said he was prepared to go to any length to convince England, France and America of his bona fides. What knowledge he had he would readily disclose, if thereby the peril of Bolshevism could be better understood and combated. He did not consider the situation beyond repair.

Officers who visited Breslau were shocked at the conditions in the poor quarters. Soup kitchens brew spinach for babies from three weeks to three years, and the sight of babies sucking spinach soup from bottles, in place of milk, was distressing. The average weight of a baby at birth was four pounds. Charts showed that babies at the end of the third year weighed little more than at the end of the first.

Berlin gave no evidence of any amelioration in the food conditions compared with January. There was an increasing tendency by the people to give way to despair. The impression was gained that Berlin was totally corrupted.

Regarding Silesia, the officers conclude this is a wonderful little province which has fought hard through the war and since the Armistice, to keep out evil influences. The people are order-loving, hard-working and morally sound. To-day Silesia only asks for peace and fresh air involving freedom from Polish and Czech threats of invasion and independence from Berlin. It will not tolerate further loss of territory, especially in the neighbourhood of the coalfields about Katowitz and Waldenburg. Silesia is better placed than any other province in Germany. Apart from its food and coal resources, it possesses a good Army. It longs for independence, feeling that it is unable to trust Berlin. The officers are convinced that any programme of annexation, either in Grafschaft Glatz or Waldenburg, is only calculated to drive the population to Bolshevism. The whole country up to the frontier is pure German and should be allowed to remain so.

Reporting on a visit to Berlin, East and West Prussia and Courland, Major Bertie states that the Allied policy of an economic boycott is likely to prove a complete failure, as the United States are not prepared to co-operate therein, and are at present engaged in various schemes for the capture of German trade for themselves as soon as the blockade is raised on German inland water transport. He declared that an American Chamber of Commerce has been founded in Berlin for revival of trade between Germany and the United States, also that Italy is about to resume trade relations with Germany. Bolshevism in Bavaria is a serious movement organised by non-Bavarians, both Russian and Prussian, and fanned by irreconcilable pan-Germans. It is dangerous because the Bavarian troops are infected. The report declares that it is unable to judge whether Bolshevism can be checked, but the promptest action on the part of the Entente is indispensable. As regards the visit to Munich, the report states that even the old aristocracy is convinced of the hopelessness of monarchism. It is felt that Bavaria must begin anew. The fear of Russianism is greater than the fear of Prussianism. National Bavarian feeling is very strong and there is little feeling of solidarity with Russian terrorism or the Prussian Spartacists even amongst the most radical armed workmen, who, during the visit, controlled the situation.

### ANOTHER TRANS-OCEANIC FLIGHT.

#### R34 ON THE WAY.

London, July 2. The airship R34 left Scotland for America at 1.48 this morning. London, July 2. The Air Ministry announces that to up one o'clock in the afternoon R34 covered 430 nautical miles out of 3,100 to New York. The average speed was 42 knots in a thick fog. All is well.

#### TO BE A HISTORIC FLIGHT.

London, June 2. R34 carries 30 people in a historic flight. The Commander is Major G. H. Scott. There are seven officers, also Brigadier E. M. Maitland, Senior Officer of the Airship Department of the Admiralty, who travels as the Admiral does in a flagship and Lieut. Commander Lansdowne, of the American Navy, who is travelling as a passenger. The remainder consist of non-coms. and Air Force men. The ship is 639 feet long, 80 feet wide, lifts 30 tons, carries 5,000 gallons of petrol, is fitted with five Maori engines and has five days' generous food supply on board for the journey from East Fortune to Hazelhurst, Long Island (New York), where the American Navy has arranged a large landing ground for the R34. The route is 1,500 miles longer than the aeroplane route from Newfoundland.

### SOUTH AFRICA'S PART IN THE CONFLICT.

#### GENERAL BOTHA'S TRIBUTE TO THE EMPIRE.

London, July 2. General Botha has sailed for Capetown by the Llan Stephan Castle. Prior to his departure, he was interviewed by Reuters Agency. He paid a great tribute to the Government and the people of Great Britain, to whom he was indebted. From the Premier downwards, in all quarters, he said, he found predominant the spirit of co-operation and sympathy for South Africa. It filled him with encouragement and hope. South Africa had emerged from the terrible conflict with its status raised and its destiny assured. He was convinced that the peoples of the Empire played the greatest part of all the peoples in the Alliance against Germany.

### REPORTED BOLSHEVIST SUCCESS IN SIBERIA.

London, July 2. A Bolshevik communique claims to have captured Perm, in Siberia, also to have completely cleared out the Finns from the Olenok sector.

### HOME CRICKET.

Marylebone and Oxford have drawn.

### THE SILVER MARKET.

London, July 3. Silver opened at 53 1/2 and closed at 53 1/4. There is a scarcity of silver. The market is steady.

## REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

### GREAT BRITAIN'S PLEDGE TO PROTECT FRANCE.

#### WHEN AND WHY.

Paris, July 2. Le Journal says that under the Anglo-Franco-American Treaty Great Britain is bound to defend France only if the United States take up arms and vice versa.

Intervention will occur if the articles of the Peace Treaty providing for disarmament in the Rhineland are insufficient to protect France.

#### WHY RATIFICATION IS NECESSARY.

It is pointed out that the Anglo American agreement promising succour to France in the event of German aggression must be ratified by the Governments of America and Great Britain after which it will be submitted to the Council of the League of Nations, which is expected to authorise the agreement.

The ratification is designed to avoid delays in consulting the Council should an occasion arise for immediate action.

### FRANCE'S DESIRE FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL PEACE.

Paris, July 2.

M. Clemenceau received a great ovation in the Chamber of Deputies in presenting the Bill to ratify the Peace Treaty. He said France will carry out the work of peace as she waged war, without flinching. A general peace would be a deceitful mirage unless France was prepared to make internal peace, the foundation of external peace, social union, remaining the foundation of the country.—Havas.

### AUSTRIAN PEACE TERMS.

#### TEN DAYS' STUDY TO BE ALLOWED.

Paris, July 2.

The Council is engaged in completing the Austrian peace terms, but it is thought that they will not be ready before next week. It is intended that the Austrians, after they have received the last section of the terms, will be given ten days' study of them. It is also intended that in order to have time to incorporate in the Austrian Treaty all modifications made in the final draft of the German Treaty, which would equally apply to Austria, these modifications will mostly be on points of detail.

### FATE OF TURKEY'S LOST TERRITORIES.

#### WILL AMERICA ACT AS MANDATE?

Paris, July 2.

The Council of Five's consideration of the question of Turkey is suspended in order to allow President Wilson to consult the American Senate with regard to the advisability of the United States accepting one or more mandates for Turkey.

### THE THORNY ITALIAN QUESTION.

#### A SOP FOR ITALY.

Paris, July 2.

It is understood that a solution of the Italian problem is being discussed in the form of certain Colonial concessions, probably in Africa, to Italy, in return for her support of the Conference decisions as regards the Adriatic.

### THE COUNCIL OF FOUR.

Paris, July 1.

The announcement is premature that the Council of Four was to become a Council of Ten. It will be a Council of Five or Four. Mr. Lansing, M. Pichon, Mr. Balfour and Signor Tittoni will meet to-day to settle the point.—Havas.

### ON THE PARIS BOURSE.

Paris, July 1.

On the Bourse the general tone is firm. French Rentes have had a further advance.—Havas.

### PARIS MUNICIPALITY HONOURS PEACE DELEGATES.

Paris, July 1.

The Paris Municipality honoured the Peace delegates. M. Poincare was present and there were brilliant scenes at the Hotel de Ville.—Havas.

### REPORTED ALLIANCE BETWEEN GERMANY AND JAPAN.

#### A CANARD EXPLODED.

Paris, July 1.

A categorical denial has been issued by the Japanese Delegation at the Peace Conference stating that there is not the slightest foundation for the extraordinary report that Japan and Germany had arranged a secret alliance eventually to include Russia only, to overthrow the Hohenzollern Government, preventing the signature of the Peace Treaty.

The delegation adds that the report originated with the German propaganda department. The public in Allied and associated countries are too intelligent to give any credence to such a story.—Havas.

### THE PEACE TREATY.

#### WHEN GERMANY MAY RATIFY IT.

Berlin, July 2.

The National Assembly will probably ratify the Peace Treaty during the second half of July.



Photo: Tientsin Press.

### M. PADEREWSKI.

President of Poland, who, according to an over-night telegram, has just been handed the Polish Treaty for signature.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

### THE SHANGHAI SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Shanghai, July 5.

The sentence on Golding, who was convicted of a shooting affair in the Astor Hotel, has been affirmed by the British Supreme Court sitting on the appeal.

### THE SYDNEY DEPARTS.

Singapore, July 4.

H. M. A. S. Sydney has left for Australia. H. E. the Governor visited the ship and thanked the ship's company for their services in Singapore and Penang.

### JOHORE OFFICIAL'S FUNERAL.

Singapore, July 4.

At the funeral of Dato Menti at Johore, there was a great gathering of Malays and Europeans. The Sultan, the British Adviser and representatives of H. E. the Governor and General attended.

### SINGAPORE'S NEW YACHT CLUB.

Singapore, July 2.

A Yacht Club has been formed at Singapore was thirty members. Mr. Nutt is President.

### SINGAPORE'S LOYALTY.

Singapore, July 2.

The Council has passed a resolution of loyalty to H. M. the King.

### PRICE OF RICE.

Singapore, July 2.

The retail price of rice has been fixed at 75 cents per gantang.

## REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

### ANNOUNCING PEACE.

### THE CEREMONY IN LONDON.

The Royal Proclamation announcing peace read this morning, and the ceremony of the signing of the Peace Treaty was held in the presence of the King and the Prime Minister.

### To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 3s. 6.11.16d.

### The Weather.

Forecast:—Rain. Barometer:—29.81. Temperature 2 p.m.—81. Humidity 2 p.m.—83.

## WAR COMFORTS.

### QUEEN MARY'S NEEDLE WORK GUILD.

The report of the Hongkong branch of the above Guild for May and June states:—

Catholic Women's League (under Miss Loureiro).—May: 3 pairs of socks, 8 pairs of bed socks, 4 mufflers, 1 trench sweater, 17 scrubbers, 24 mops, 60 food covers, 211 mosquito nets, 624 rolled bandages and 900 sponge swabs. June: 21 pairs of bed socks, 11 pairs of socks, 126 small mosquito nets, 138 food covers, 2 sweaters, 1 muffler, 9 knitted scrubbers, 54 white handkerchiefs, 900 rolled bandages and 1320 sponge swabs.

Union Church Working Party (under Mrs. Macconachie).—One case to Serbian Relief Fund: 52 nightdresses, 48 shirts, 28 women's and children's garments, 6 pairs of children's stockings, 24 mufflers, 50 pairs of socks, 12 pairs of knee caps, 1 knitted rug and a large quantity of old clothing for men and women.

The following letter has been received:—

21st General Hospital, Ras-el-Tin, Alexandria, Egypt, 10/4/19.

Dear Mrs. Jordan,

Allow me first to apologise at being so long in writing to, thank yourself, Mrs. Gurner and the Ladies of Hongkong for that splendid consignment of Medical & Surgical odds & ends, you so kindly forwarded per Commander Nares. They will come in most useful for my hospital, which I am pleased to tell you is the one out of the 4 Generals selected to stay on during the Army of occupation.

It was most kind of yourself responding to my request.

I have not seen Father Watson for some time, he having left Alexandria for Montreal, but hear he is likely by to come back again.

We are all delighted the "War" is ended, but we are kept busy here in Egypt by a little internal trouble.

It trust both yourself and the Doctor are enjoying the best of health with kindest regards to you both.

Sincerely yours,

(Sd.) PERCY J. PROBYN.

## CHINA'S REVISED TARIFF.

### AMERICA'S ATTITUDE.

The American Consul General has received instructions indicating that, while the Government of the United States cannot give formal ratification to the revised tariff for China, recently issued, until the American Senate shall have passed upon the question, the Department of State at Washington of itself will not raise any objection to the prior enforcement of this tariff against American merchants and goods. All other Foreign Powers having accepted the revised tariff, it is understood therefore that the tariff will be published on July 1st and not be affected by August 1st.

### POINT FORGET.







## THANKS FOR PEACE

(Continued from Page 2.)

letters of blood. To-day we look back on the greatest chapter he had ever written. It had been the marvel of history and would remain the greatest marvel of all times that Germany did not win the war. She had the advantage of surprise. Nobody expected war, certainly not so soon, and like a bolt from the blue came the realization of Germany's determination. She suddenly rose and suddenly struck. She also had the advantage of being prepared. Expert in secret preparation while publicly professing peace Germany had developed her resources and scientific research had controlled her press, extended her commerce and had even built concrete gun platforms in distant countries whose possession she aimed at—all the while professing friendship and disarming suspicion. She met an enemy totally unprepared, able to offer only the smallest resistance, feebly equipped, almost devoid of war stores, unprepared for submarine warfare, unready to meet her on land or on sea. That Germany in these circumstances did not win was a marvel. A policy of blood and iron was to dominate the world, peaceful neighbours were to be suddenly overcome, large indemnities were to swell the German war chest, militarism was to prove its supremacy. What had happened? Blood and iron failed, peaceful and peace-loving neighbours became victorious in their strength, indemnities must be paid not received, militarism stood discredited before the world. Germany's great plans were infallible but for one thing, an overruling justice. Every preparation promised success but the Germans neglected one—to make sure that their cause was such that God would uphold it. It was a small omission but a fatal defect. Germany's power seemed irresistible but "God hath cast down the mighty from their seat and hath exalted the humble and meek." By the marvel of His power God had exacted justice when tyranny seemed triumphant. God had led us to victory but not an easy victory. That was not God's way. It was well for us to remember the cost—to remember to-day the men who fought, all honour to them; the women who worked at home and at the front; the men who gave their wealth lavishly; the men who gave their labour, all important and essential; the people of faith who prayed. Count the cost, said that preacher, and look at what it meant: look into this broken home, see these desolate women, hear the fatherless children, look at the graves in France and elsewhere, each a cross telling of a sacrifice and a life laid down. Remember the cost of peace and we would better remember its value and not to waste it. Those men who died had faith that their sacrifice was worth while. A tremendous responsibility rested upon us. We had purchased peace at a great price. What were we going to do with it? Were we not going to acknowledge afresh God's sovereignty? Were we not stirred by God's leading and deliverance? The preacher asked his hearers to think once more of the great marvels of the War, of Germany's sudden declaration, her violation of Belgium, her march on France, the "contemptible" armies which held her, Russia's great efforts in the first years of the war, Italy's idealism, the response of the British Dominions and Colonies, America's unification for war; then, of the dark days of April-June of last year when our backs were against the wall and the wonderful turning of the tide of July-November. Could they not see some hand shaping the destinies of the nations—the Hand of God? Had they not learned that God ruled in earth and in heaven, that materialism was not a conquering power, that idealism was not folly, that hope in Him would never make us ashamed, that the Cross still stands as the sign of sacrifice and of power and that this God is our God for ever and ever? In closing the preacher told a touching and true story of a recruit with poor eyes who, by subterfuge, succeeded in enlisting for France and laid his life down there. Had that man no ideal? Dare we allow his sacrifice, typical of so many, to be wasted? No! We, look, said Mr. Harrington, in thankfulness to the dawning of a new day. We resolve that all kinds must go, that the light of the Cross shall rise on us and on the world. The preacher closed by quoting the lines of Owen Seaman—

You that have faith to look with fearless eyes  
On the tragedy of a world at war.

(Continued on Page 5.)

## NOTICES

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## MANY WOMEN TO-DAY

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THEIR EYES FROM OVERSTRAIN  
BUT THEY  
IMPROVE THEIR PERSONAL  
APPEARANCE

LAZARUS' RIMLESS GLASSES,

Queen's Road Ck. HONGKONG.

Prescriptions accurately filled.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## THE GERMAN WARSHIPS.

Copenhagen, June 25.  
The Germans officially deny the reported scuttling of warships in German ports.

## OUTRAGES AT PETROGRAD.

Copenhagen, July 1.  
A message from Helsinki says escaped officers from Petrograd declare that the Bolsheviks recently arrested 800 persons and subsequently slaughtered them with machine-guns at the Peter and Paul fortress. The bodies were thrown into the Neva. The total number arrested is over 18,000 which it is reported includes all foreigners. The famine-stricken population is desperate and interruptions of the anti-Soviet operations against the city filled them with dismay.

## LANCASHIRE SPINNERS TROUBLE.

London, July 1.  
There is an extraordinary situation in Lancashire owing to the refusal of the Operative Spinners Amalgamation to resume on June 30 contrary to the decision of the Council of United Textile Workers. Consequently forty million spindles are idle. The spinners object to the new agreement being fixed for eighteen months. In disturbances at Burnley last evening windows were smashed and in some cases bands forced an entrance to factories, intimidated workers and removed the shuttles. Several factories were specially protected by the Police.

## OBITUARY.

London, July 1.  
The death is announced of Lord Rayleigh, who was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge and was Senior Wrangler and Smith Prizeman in 1865. He became a Fellow in 1866 and was Professor in Experimental Physics from 1878-84. He had the Order of Merit and was an officer of the Legion of Honour. He was also Chancellor of Cambridge University.London, July 1.  
The death is announced of Sir John Brunner, M.P.

## THE CHINA COMMAND.

London, July 1.  
The new light cruiser Hawkins will be commissioned at Chatham on July 25 for service as the flagship of the Commander in Chief of the China Station.

## LAWN TENNIS.

London, July 1.  
In the Lawn Tennis Championships at Wimbledon in the Semi-Finals of the Ladies Singles Mrs. Satterthwaite (England) beat Mrs. Bearish (England) 6-4, 10-8, the latter playing with an injured ankle. Suzanne Legien (France) beat Miss Ryan (California) 6-4, 7-5. In the Gentlemen's Singles Kingscote (England) beat Garland (America) 6-1, 6-4, 5-7, 6-4. Paterson (Australia) beat Ritchie 6-1, 7-5, 1-6, 6-3. This is the only set the Australian lost in reaching the finals.

## Prepaid Advertisements.

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FOUR TINS FOR A DOLLAR.

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY, Queen's Road  
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## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## ALCOHOL'S OBSEQUES.

New York, June 30.  
Although Federal officials have announced that  
wartime prohibition measures will be strictly enforced from  
midnight violation is openly threatened in New York and  
other cities to enable test cases to be taken to the Courts.  
Elaborate obsequies of alcohol have been arranged by many  
hotels, restaurants and clubs to-night.

## HOME CRICKET.

London, June 30.  
Essex and Middlesex drew.  
London, July 1.  
The matches between Surrey and Lancs. and Yorks. and  
Kent were both drawn.

## A DISASTROUS EARTHQUAKE.

Rome, June 30.  
An earthquake at Mugello, Romagna and Tuscany, caused  
serious damage and loss of life, especially at Vicchio where  
it is reported 120 were killed and 100 injured.

## GOLD FOR THE ORIENT.

New York, July 1.  
Gold shipments have been made as follows:—\$750,000  
to Calcutta, \$1,300,000 to China and \$500,000 to Japan.

## THE SILVER MARKET.

London, June 30.  
Silver opened at 53 and closed at 52. There are small  
American offerings. The market is quiet.

## ADMIRAL JELICOE'S TOUR.

Admiral Jelicoe sails on July 2nd on his tour of the South Sea Islands.

## NOTICES

THE OLD BLEND

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# LANDSLIPS IN HONGKONG.

NUMEROUS BUT NO SERIOUS DAMAGE.

The heavy rains of last week have been responsible for a number of landslips, the most serious of which was one which took place on Saturday morning on the Peak Tramway on the portion of the junction forming the cut for the recent alterations on the Peak Tramway. The slip did not entirely block the Tramway line. The Peak Tramway people got on the work of clearing it and the trams started to run at 5 o'clock on Saturday between Kennedy Road and Barker Road.

Yesterday morning another landslip occurred on the Peak Tramway just in the same spot as the previous morning. The place has now been shored up to prevent the earth coming down more. The shoring is all in the way of the Tramway, so the Tramway Company cannot run their trams at this point. There will not be any traffic for the time being except from Kennedy Road as the Company is getting the spot made permanently safe for traffic by the erection of a stone or a concrete wall.

There have been other minor slips on private properties, without obstructing traffic. There were landslips on Robinson Road and another at the junction of Conduit and Robinson Roads, not of very great importance.

There were numerous other slips in the New Territories and in Kowloon, but no great damage was done.

It is reported that a wall between Sir Robert Ho Tung's residence and the London Missionary Society's Hall at Bonham Road suddenly collapsed yesterday afternoon. The wall collapsed in the direction of Sir Robert's house, but, fortunately, no-one suffered any injury from the accident.

# JAPANESE ATTACKED. SCENE AT HUNGHOM.

What was described by Inspector Brown as "a mild form of anti-Japanese demonstration," took place on Saturday night in Hunghom. Two Japanese sailors from one of the ships in the Kowloon Docks were returning to their ship when a large crowd of Chinese gathered in their wake, and began to throw stones and to use bamboo poles on them. The Japanese had also to run the gauntlet of a fire of clogs and various other missiles from the houses thrown for the most part by Chinese women, who showed as much hatred for the Japanese as the male Chinese. One Chinese, more pugnacious than the rest, chased the Japanese with a big stone and hurled it at them, but fortunately for the Japanese and for the thrower it passed over their heads.

The timely arrival of two Indian constables was fortunate, for the Japanese stood a chance of being badly maltreated. The constables rescued the Japanese and arrested the Chinese who threw the stone. On the way to the Police Station, the constables with their prisoner and the Japanese were followed by the mob, who kept up a continual cry of "Ta! Ta! Ta! (Beat them!)." However, they made no further attempt at assaulting the Japanese. One of the constables, on returning to his beat, had a stone thrown at him by a Chinese, whom he promptly arrested.

The two arrested Chinese were this morning produced before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Magistracy. The man who threw the stone at the Japanese was fined \$15, or three weeks, while the other prisoner was mulcted in a \$30 fine, or, in default of payment, one month's hard labour.

# THANKS FOR PEACE.

(Continued from Page 3.)

And know that out of death and night shall rise  
The dawn of ampler life.  
Rejoice, whate'er anguish rend  
Your heart.  
That God has given to you, the  
priceless dower  
To live in these great times, and  
bear your part  
In Freedom's crowning hour.  
That ye may tell your sons—who  
see the light  
High in the heavens—their herit-  
age to take:  
"I saw the powers of darkness  
put to flight;  
I saw the morning break."

**ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH.**  
At St. Joseph's Church two services were held. At 7.40 a.m. the Communion service was well attended despite the bad weather. The Act of Consecration to the Sacred Heart was read and the beautiful invocation "send peace to all nations" doubtless impressed all. The Solemn Thanksgiving Service took place at 10 a.m. a large congregation being present. The Rev. Fr. Augustine celebrated the Mass. The choir gave a very able rendering of Perosi's "Te Deum Laudamus." Mass. It is a beautiful composition by a great writer of Church Music and received very sympathetic treatment. The solos were rendered by Mrs. Charlton, Staff, Serg. Lyth and Mr. Fisher with great acceptability. The last strophe of the "Agnus Dei" was very fitting to the nature of the service, particularly the final invocation "dona nobis pacem"—give us peace. A short sermon was preached by the celebrant in which he spoke of the duty of showing gratitude to God. He asked all to pray that the nations might live in peace and that the spirit of Bolshevism which was appearing amongst many nationalities might be eradicated. At the conclusion of Mass the "Te Deum" was sung in Gregorian chant by the choir and celebrant alternately. The prayer of thanks giving being said the service concluded with the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. Great praise is due to the choir who worked hard to make the musical portion of the service a success. When the new organ is erected they hope to render Ravanello's Mass. Mr. Braga was at the organ. A pair of additional candelabra with 21 lights each, the gift of Mrs. Carroll, were used for the first time on the altar. These with a profusion of flowers had a charming effect.

**THE PARSEE COMMUNITY.**  
There was a large attendance of Parsees at 29, Elgin Street when a thanksgiving service was led by the priest, P. C. Sidhva, who made reference to the victories of the Allied arms and the coming of Peace. He also spoke of the fighting in Afghanistan and hoped that it would soon cease, the ill-advised Amir coming to his senses and seeing how foolish it had been to attack the British.

**UNION CHURCH.**  
The service at Union Church was well attended, the preacher being the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonachie, who said:

We are met this morning in conformity with the behest of the King, which will doubtless find a response throughout the whole Empire, to render thanks to God that the Treaty of Peace has at length been signed.

The notice has been too short for us to make such preparation as we should have wished, but I think it must be agreed that the earliest date possible is the most appropriate for the great solemn purpose. We cried to God when we were in distress, and we should indeed do all if we failed to acknowledge His goodness in that the prayer was heard.

Eighteen months ago, when news of the armistice came, the Churches filled as to themselves at shorter notice still. Such was the profound sense of relief and gratitude for perils past, for blood-shed discontinued, for right and justice vindicated, that had church doors remained closed the people were almost in a mind to have forced them open. We Britons are not religiously demonstrative, but that was an occasion when our reserve was broken down, our affection of diffidence forgotten, and we made no secret that the thing we desired most of all was to assemble ourselves together to praise the God of our fathers. Our hearts overflowed, and the praises which rise from overflowing hearts fall not to reach the ear of the God of Sabaoth.

Since then, the world has passed through a trying and anxious experience. The trial and anxiety are by no means ended, but a sense of extreme importance has been awak-

ed with the definite signature of the Treaty of Peace between the Allied nations and their chief opponent. The Germans have at length been obliged to admit themselves beaten. Their signature of the Treaty is an acknowledgment of unqualified defeat, in the face of all mankind.

Such an admission was necessary, for without it the glamour of German military power would not have been wholly swept away. The ideals, such as they are, which that evil system stood for, have been, for the time at any rate, overwhelmed in disaster, which is for the soul's health of the world, and not least of the German people themselves, if they will so accept it. To the last they have striven to avoid open acknowledgment that they have been met and unequivocally worsted on their own chosen ground of military might.

Their representatives have made every effort, open and secret, to appear as, in some sort, negotiators on terms more or less equal for the winding up of a war which all parties were weary of, and had come to regard as a great mistake. In the same spirit their nationalists in China, as you will remember, desired to take part in the rejoicings over the Armistice. That was the hidden, and rightly so, even in the Far East it is not always easy to see the true motives of a people.

It is necessary to be aware of these things, and to be aware of the fact that the world is not yet at peace, and that the peace which we have secured is only a temporary truce.

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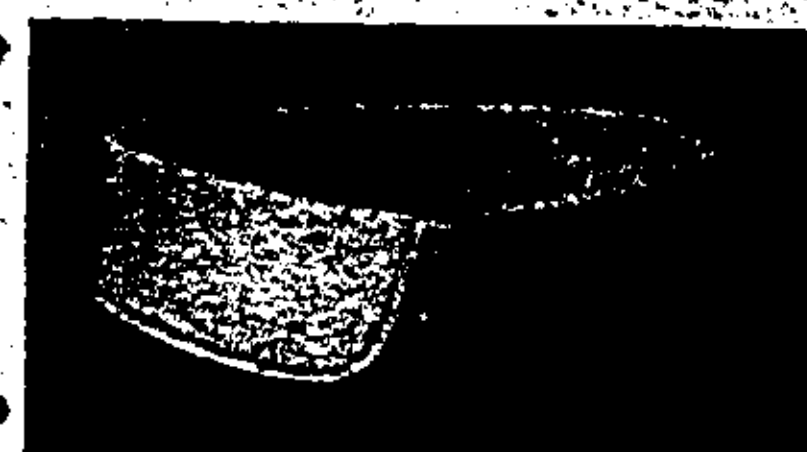
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[A Paris doctor declares that the cake-walk, freely indulged in, will kill the hardest microbe.]

The waltz is not without its charm.  
The polka has its points.  
The barn-dance need not cause alarm  
To those who've supple joints.  
The cellar-flap with joy is seen  
Though seldom at a ball.  
But when it comes to Hygiene  
The cake-walk beats them all.

There was a time in days gone by,  
When, if I felt unwell,  
Unto my doctor I would fly,  
In haste my symptoms tell,  
And pay the varlet thumping fees.  
It seemed my only chance.  
But new M.D.s no longer please.  
It's cheaper far to dance.

Should limb or cranium throb and ache,  
I don my lightest shoe,  
And hired menials music make.  
It's what they're paid to do.  
"Down South" 's exhilarating strains  
Burst from the gay banjo.  
Quaint rag-time steps dispel my pain,  
And urge a healthy glow.

Ye invalids, though old and stout,  
Accept the proffered boon.  
Forgetting gout, step boldly out  
To emulate the coon.  
Attempt the measures I suggest.  
Scorn not what I advise.  
The plan, believe me, is the best.  
This way salvation lies.

P. G. Wodehouse in the Globe.



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STEAMER	HONGKONG	VANCOUVER
Empress of Russia	July 10	Aug. 28
Monteagle	July 29	Aug. 23
Empress of Asia	Aug. 7	Aug. 25
Empress of Japan	Aug. 20	Sept. 10
Empress of Russia	Sept. 4	Sept. 22
Monteagle	Oct. 7	Nov. 1
Empress of Asia	Oct. 2	Oct. 20
Empress of Japan	Oct. 16	Nov. 6
Empress of Russia	Oct. 30	Nov. 17
Monteagle	Dec. 16	Jan. 9
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 15
Empress of Japan	Dec. 11	Jan. 1
Empress of Russia	Dec. 25	Jan. 12

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TAMBA MARU ..... Saturday, 5th July, at Noon.

MELBORNE & SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday  
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NIKKO MARU ..... Wednesday, 23rd July, at 11 a.m.

AKI MARU ..... Wednesday, 20th Aug. at 11 a.m.

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CALCUTTA MARU ..... Saturday, 19th July.

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TANGO MARU ..... Saturday, 23rd Aug. at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

INABA MARU ..... Friday, 11th July, at 11 a.m.

SHINGO MARU ..... Tuesday, 15th July.

KAMO MARU ..... Monday, 21st July, at 11 a.m.

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#### THE NIPPON LINE, LTD.

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Hongkong, 10/11/1917.

# THANKS FOR PHASE.

(Continued from Page 1)

men rights and liberties should be

known beyond all doubt, to have

failed like others before it, and to

have involved the conspirators, not

only in execution, but in ruin. The

signing of the Treaty is a republi-

cation of the old lesson that what men

do to others they bring in the end

upon themselves, that wrong-doing

inevitably recoils with a stroke

which is grievous. "Though hand

join in hand," said Solomon, "yet

shall not the evil man go unpunish-

ed."

It is true, proved true, once again

that all may mark and learn. Much

we used to hear about the irresisti-

ble power of the German military

machine, and indeed its like had not

been seen in history. But we have

been shown once more that no weapon

which is formed against God can

prosper.

The instrument forged in Germany

was set to attempt the one impossi-

ble thing, namely—to hack its way

through the moral law. Its edge was

blunted at the first stroke—the in-

vasion of blameless Belgium—and

now it is cast aside, broken, be-

fouled, a byword.

To the last, as you must know, it

was said among the Chinese around

us that Germany would never sign

the Treaty. The war would be re-

newed, the Allies would be set

against each other, some way out

would be found—the one thing not

to be believed was that the puissant

and self-confident race which had

boasted so loudly and shown itself

so warlike would be forced to swal-

low its pride and drink the cup of

humiliation it had long prepared for

others. But that is what has come

to pass, and it is well it should be

understood in the Far East as

throughout the whole world.

We want no imitations in the East-

ern hemisphere of the militaristic

conspiracy which has so ignominious-

ly collapsed in the West. When

God's judgments are in the earth

the inhabitants of the world learn

righteousness. It would almost

seem that at the present stage of

human development they refuse to

learn that under any other circum-

stances. Well, if the issue of the

late war is not the most impressive

reminder of the fact that only

righteousness can exalt any nation,

there is neither such a thing as

Divine government of the world nor

any moral meaning to be gathered

from human history.

This is not the time to discuss the

terms of the Treaty in any detail.

That they should fall short of the

ideal is inevitable, but the Allied

nations put their best men to the

work and they have done their best

in circumstances of inexpressive

difficulty. Surely the part of wisdom

is to accept the Treaty as on the

whole the best settlement attainable

for the present, and to believe that

as time goes on modifications for

the better will reveal themselves as

desirable and practicable.

The Germans, of course, have

made a great outcry. That was to

be expected, yet at the same time

they scarcely deny that if they had

won the war they would have im-

posed terms much harder. Time

will show whether the burden laid

on the Germans is as they declare

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13th July at 4 p.m.

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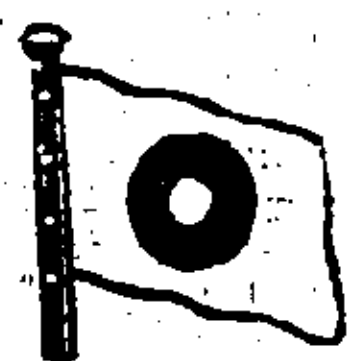
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CHANGSHA	2nd July.	8th July.

\* calls Saigon, omits Manila.

These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc. and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

For Freight or Passage apply to

Butterfield & Swire.

Telephone No. 36.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

The following Unclaimed Telegrams are lying here:—

Woofohsiang, from Shanghai.  
Admiral Rodgers Gunboat General Alava, from Peking.  
Liang Wang Chungwa Co., from Shanghai.  
Everett, from Kobe.

Kanjiro Memotani, s.s. Yokohama-Maru, from Osaka.  
Mulie, Hongkong Hotel, from Nara.  
Yahsang, from Hankow.  
Tamkwenkai, from Shanghai.  
Suigan, 25 Yeosowkankai, from Amoy.  
Leehonghin, from Amoy.  
Confidential Trading, Queens Road, from Kobe.  
Cheung, from Shanghai.  
Module, from Kobe.

T. KRING.  
Act. Superintendent.  
Hongkong July 4, 1919.

EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRALASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.

List of Unclaimed Telegrams lying in the E. E. Telegraph Office at Hongkong:—

Bertrand Messageries, from Havre.  
Ezra, from Manila.  
K. Baxter, Hongkong Hotel, from Vancouver.  
Mallien, Hongkong Hotel, from Haiphong.  
Pirie, Shipping Office, from Singapore.  
Practician, from Singapore.  
Samuel Samuel & Co., from London.  
W. F. Alder, Carlton Hotel, from Manila.

J. K. GIBSON.  
Superintendent.  
Hongkong, July 3, 1919.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used A1: A.B.O. Fifth Edition: Engineering, First and Second Edition: Western Union and Watkins.  
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers.

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.,

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH	BREADTH	DEPTH	WATER	WIND
KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 4 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 5 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 6 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 7 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 8 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 9 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
No. 10 Dock, Kowloon	100	20	10	10	10
SAIKOKE DOCK					
Colonial Dock	100	20	10	10	10
Amoy Dock	100	20	10	10	10
New Dock	100	20	10	10	10
Colonial Dock	100	20	10	10	10

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, B.Sc. Manager, Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS

The T. K. K. s.s. TENYO M. sailed from San Francisco on the 11th, as per schedule, and is due to arrive at Hongkong July 14th.  
The N. Y. K. s.s. INABA M. (European Line) left London for this port via the Suez Canal on the 31st May, and is expected here on the 10th July.

The N. Y. K. s.s. KAMO M. (European Line) left London for this port via the Suez Canal on the 14th June, and is expected here on the 20th July.

The N. Y. K. s.s. SHINGO MARU (Calcutta Line) left Calcutta for this port via Singapore on the 23rd June, and is expected here on the 14th July.

The N. Y. K. s.s. KAIFUKU M. (Bombay Line) left Bombay for this port via Singapore on the 24th June and is expected here on the 16th July.

The T. K. K. s.s. TENYO M. arrived at Yokohama June 28th and will sail July 1st, as per schedule, being due at this Port July 14th.

The N. Y. K. s.s. AKI MARU (Australian Line) left Sydney for this port via usual ports on the 23rd June, and is expected here on the 18th July.

Telegraphic advice from the Pacific Mail Co's. Shanghai office states that the s.s. ECUADOR, Voy 13, Out, left that port on Monday June 30th, for Manila, and is expected to arrive at this port on the 10th inst.

Advice from the Pacific Mail Co's. Manila office states that the s.s. WEST SEQUANA is due here on the 10th inst.

The M. M. s.s. DUNERA left Shanghai for this Port on the 5th instant at 6 a.m. with the home-ward English Mails, and is due here on the 8th instant at about daylight.

PAUCITY OF PENNIES.

Several of the London banks are at present being put to a good deal of inconvenience owing to a shortage of coppers. One reason given is the inability of the gas companies to collect the coppers from the slot meters promptly. A large number of householders in a London suburb recently were unable to use the gas supply owing to the meters being choked with pennies.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

From SAN FRANCISCO

HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS

Monday 30th June

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to present their bills of Lading for counter signature and take immediate delivery of the alongside steamer of the Company's godown, where all cargo impeding immediate discharge will be landed at consignee's risk.

Storage will be assessed on cargo remaining undelivered on and after Sunday 6th July.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages will be landed into the Company's Godowns, where same will be examined, Tuesday, 8th July, at 10 A.M.

No Claims will be recognised after the goods have left the Steamer or Godown and none will be entertained if presented later than three weeks after arrival of steamer.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

T. DAIGO,

Manager.

Hongkong, 30th June, 1919.

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

s.s. "BENARTY."

From MIDDLESBRO, LONDON

and STRAITS

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th July will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 14th July, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 7th July at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1919.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

S.S. "KIYO MARU."

From SAN FRANCISCO,

JAPAN PORTS.

Monday, 30th June.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to present their bills of Lading for counter signature and take immediate delivery from alongside steamer or the Company's godown, where all cargo impeding immediate discharge will be landed at consignee's risk.

Storage will be assessed on cargo remaining undelivered on and after Sunday, 6th July.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages will be landed into the company's Godown, where same will be examined on Thursday, 10th July, at 10 A.M.

No claims will be recognised after the goods have left the steamer or godown and none will be entertained if presented later than three weeks after arrival of steamer.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

T. TAIGO,

Manager.

Hongkong, 30th June, 1919.

TIDE TABLE

From 1st June to 15th July

At 10 A.M.

At 10 P.M.

At 11 P.M.

At 12 M.

At 1 P.M.

At 2 P.M.

At 3 P.M.

At 4 P.M.

At 5 P.M.

At 6 P.M.

At 7 P.M.

At 8 P.M.

At 9 P.M.

At 10 P.M.

At 11 P.M.

At 12 M.

At 1 P.M.

At 2 P.M.

At 3 P.M.

At 4 P.M.

At 5 P.M.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM

NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Steamer

TERESIAS

Consignees are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into the Godown, where it will be at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 5th July.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godowns and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th July, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 25th July, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.  
Hongkong, 5th July, 1919.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAMERS LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From LONDON, COLOMBO, and STRAITS.

"PENBROKESHIRE"

having arrived from above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 8th July, 1919 at 5 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, on 8th July, 1919 at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 30 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1919.

THE DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

The Steamship

"BESSIE DOLLAR"

having arrived from Vancouver B.C. via ports on July 3, 1919

Consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., and stored at consignee's risk.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the godown until Monday, July 7, when they will be examined by Company's representative at 10 o'clock Monday July 7, 1919.

Claims will not be accepted unless cargo is so examined by the said representative on the above date.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1919.



REMEMBER  
TEL. No. 977  
FOR

**MERCURY GARAGE**

THE MOST  
MODERN  
CARS IN  
TOWN.

#### REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from page 15)  
ANGLO-AMERICAN AMITY.

London, July 2.  
President Wilson has cordially replied to the King's peace message, referring especially to the new Anglo-American ties.

#### COTTON RIOTS.

THE TROUBLE SPREADS.

London, July 2.  
The cotton riots have spread to Ashton-under-Lyne, Stalybridge and Dukinfield. Large crowds, mostly women and girls, are parading the streets and smashing hundreds of windows. Tens of thousands are idle and a general lock-out of cotton workers is threatened.

#### CAMEROONS AND TOGOLAND.

THE FRANCO-BRITISH AGREEMENT.

Paris, July 1.  
A Franco-British Agreement with regard to the Cameroons and Togoland has been drawn up by Lord Milner and M. Simon. It will be submitted to the League of Nations for ratification. It gives France four-fifths of the Cameroons, including the capital, Duala, and the whole of the existing lines, also the Misahese and Atakpame Railways in Togoland. France, in exchange, cedes an important district to the north, the tribes in which are naturally attached to the British Gold Coast. While conforming to the interests of the natives, the partition has from the French viewpoint the advantage of giving Dahomey an important outlet to the sea.

#### U.S. RED CROSS WORK.

HONGKONG THANKED.

The Chairman of the Hongkong Chapter of the American Red Cross has received a letter from the Chief of the Foreign Division of the American Red Cross in Washington, on behalf of the Division and of the general headquarters of the organization, thanking the Hongkong Chapter particularly for services during the war, and especially with respect to work done in Siberia. The letter indicates that the work of the Chapters of the American Red Cross in China has evoked unusual interest among all people concerned in Red Cross work.

#### FRENCH VOCALIST AT THE VICTOR A.

There is a special attraction offering at the Victoria Theatre to-night, and the two successive nights, when M. Henri Marchant, a French vocalist of some repute, will appear. He has just had a most successful season in the Dutch East Indies and is on the way to the United States and Europe.

M. Marchant gave a recital at the Dutch Club last night and was very warmly greeted. His repertoire at the Victoria Theatre will consist of French and English songs.

#### CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE WESTERN STREET MURDER.

The June Criminal Sessions were resumed this morning before Sir William Rees Davies, K. C., Chief Justice.

Leung So was indicted on a charge of murder, and pleaded not guilty.

The Crown solicitor Mr. G. H. Wakeman, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. R. E. Bellios, instructed by Mr. P. W. Goldring, defended the accused.

The jurymen were Messrs. B. W. Tape, F. A. Mackintosh, A. P. Samy, W. N. J. Flemming, C. Stewart, F. Rapp and H. W. Dick. Opening the case for the prosecution, the Crown Solicitor said the prisoner was charged with the murder of a Chinese Constable named Chan Chi on May 4 last. At about 2 o'clock on the afternoon of May 4, a robbery took place at a house in Western Street. The woman whose house was robbed would tell the jury that whilst the robbers were in her house, she was fired. Whistles were blown and the police from No. 2 Station rushed into Western Street and when they arrived, the robbers had disappeared. He did not kill Chan Chi.

#### OUR MANILA LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Manila, June 27.

Two men are facing the charge of murder in connection with a bomb explosion which killed a Filipino newboy, aged 15, and injured seven others, including two American sailors, on Friday last in Plaza Guiti, one of the most important plazas of Manila. The bomb is alleged to have been planted by a striker on one of the street cars. The conductor saw the bomb, its fuse smoking, underneath a seat in the car and grabbed it and threw it into the street before it exploded, probably saving the lives of 15 persons who were passengers. Bernardino Manabat, 29 years, formerly employed by the Manila Electric Railway Company as a mechanic, was arrested for planting the bomb and is said to have confessed to Secret Service officials. Domingo Simeon, whom he implicated in the confession, was also arrested. The latter is secretary of the Labour Congress which has been engineering the strike of some 300 street car employees. Both men pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder when arraigned in the Court of First Instance yesterday and were remanded to jail without bail. Manabat goes to trial on July 1. Simeon will be tried later. Crisanto Evangelista, head of the Printers' Union, and a member of the Filipino Mission which lately went to the United States in the interest of independence for the Philippines, has been arrested for seditious utterances in connection with the strike agitation. He is alleged to have been responsible for inciting the strikers to violence. He has pleaded not guilty and is put on 1,000 pesos bail.

Plans for a monster Victory celebration in Manila soon after the Peace Treaty is signed, will be started soon. Governor Yeater is expected to name a general committee within a few days. The Manila League of Elks has already got a committee at work which will co-operate with the Governor's committee.

Another rice crisis which the Philippines are now facing is occupying the attention of the Government, which proposes to purchase rice and sell at cost, or less to the people. The islands are said to have an adequate supply but it has been held in large measure by speculators who hoped for big profits. It is impossible to move this supply as rapidly as needed, even in the event that the government takes over. Fear of agitation and unrest among the masses is entertained unless quick action is taken.

Insular authorities will hold an investigation into the reason why the lightkeeper and his assistants at Apo Reef light, 40 miles off the northern coast of Mindanao, in the line of the trade routes to the Straits Settlements and Australia, have been for over three months without the visit of a supply ship. The steamer Pathfinder of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, discovered the plight of the 31 persons on the reef in response to a distress signal. The lightkeeper, by conserving oil, using none for lighting his quarters or for cooking for weeks past, had managed to keep the light burning but had only two days' supply when the Pathfinder called. They had been subsisting almost entirely on mussels and fish. A small sailing boat had been dispatched from the lighthouse to secure relief but has not been heard from. It is feared that the occupants have been lost. The insular officials are inquiring into the reason that the Bureau of Commerce and Industry failed to send its supply ship to this lighthouse once a month according to schedule.

Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippine Senate, will arrive in Manila next week on the Empress of Russia. He will be accorded a rousing welcome, the arrangements for which have been made by the leading native politicians. It is rumored that the Philippine Legislature will be called into session shortly at which Mr. Quezon will report his findings on the proposed independence. It is also reported that Mr. Quezon proposes to return to the United States several members of the lobby for independence.

A group of Japanese law students and Government leaders, led by

#### SHANGHAI PRESS.

OBJECTION TO LICENSING.

In connection with the intention of the Shanghai Municipal Council to secure powers for licensing the business of printer, lithographer, engraver or publisher of any newspaper or periodical, as expressed in the Municipal Gazette, the following letter has been addressed to the Council by the American Chamber of Commerce of China:—  
The attention of the American Chamber of Commerce of China has been called to the proposed amended by-laws to be submitted to the ratifiers whereby newspapers and printing offices are to be licensed. The proposed action is covered in the Municipal Gazette for Thursday, June 26 on page 209, and reads as follows:—  
"The omission to provide for the licensing of the Press and of printing establishments, etc., must be considered serious. That the Council should be vested with every power necessary to the preservation of peace and good order within the Settlement was amply demonstrated in the recent student unrest which ultimately extended to the merchant and labouring classes of the Chinese community. In particular, it is essential that the Council should have full power of immediate action, without recourse to any other authority, to prevent the publication of any printed matter of a character calculated to incite to a breach of the peace. Accordingly the council will submit the Consular Body's text of By-laws for the ratifiers' approval, with the following words inserted in By-law XXXIV between the words 'goats' and 'to sell,' viz:—'or carry on the business of a printer, lithographer or engraver or print or publish any newspaper or periodical.'"

This proposed regulation is contrary to American principles and is one which Americans cannot support. To this end we call your attention to Article 1, under the Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America as follows:—  
"Congress shall make no law abridging the freedom of speech or of press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."

Americans feel that the right of free speech and free press are safeguards of their liberty, and they cannot do other than oppose attempts to deprive themselves as well as the Chinese of these rights. The operation of this law would create an intolerable situation in Shanghai since it would transfer to the Municipal Council and especially to the Municipal Police full authority to regulate and suppress any American publication which violated its regulations.

The proposal to licence newspapers and printing offices in the International Settlement would have the effect of establishing a permanent official censorship on all newspapers and other publications here. It would place in the hands of a small body of men complete power to close up any newspaper, foreign or Chinese, forbid the publication of any book, pamphlet or circular and to exercise this great power without recourse or appeal.

We desire especially to call to your attention the fact that Shanghai is the publishing centre of China and the proposed by-law would immediately tend to destroy at once the goodwill value of every newspaper and magazine in this city. The printing and publishing business and allied industries constitute one of the largest elements in the business life of this community. The enactment of this by-law would at once tend to kill this important industry that means so much to the future development of China.

For the reasons mentioned in the foregoing and for many others affecting the liberties of the people of this city which we might mention, we trust you will understand our position in this matter—which in our opinion is also the opinion of most of the liberal minded citizens of this city and China in general.

Thanking you, we are  
Very truly yours  
AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF CHINA.  
(Signed) J. B. POWELL, Secretary.

Shanghai, June 29, 1919.

pected in Manila within a few weeks. The Japanese community is arranging their entertainment. They will also visit Hongkong, Singapore, Java

#### GERMAN PRINCESS IN THE ROCK.

CHARGE OF STEALING FURNITURE.

At Bromley (Kent) Police Court, Daisy Irving, 27, described as an actress and German subject, was charged with stealing a piano, a sewing machine, a quantity of cutlery, and various household articles, the property of Mrs. Lydia Martin, of Homestead-road, Bromley. She was further charged with attempting to obtain £86 by false pretences from William Caston, of Eldon-road, Brixton, and £20 from Edward Gough Richards, of Farnham, Surrey.

The defence she put forward was one of mistaken identity. The defendant stated that she was christened "Diamonds Wilhelma Hohenzollern," and was born at Potsdam in January 1893, her father being Prince Victor Wilhelm Hamburg Hohenzollern, nephew of the ex-Kaiser, and cousin to the ex-Crown Prince. Her mother was a French woman. The only name she knew her by was Daisy Irving. She was an actress. The prisoner said she had visited nearly every country in the world, but first came to England from Paris last October. She was then accompanied by her parents, and they went to a flat in Elgin-avenue, Maidstone, where they were received by Countess Karinsky, but she did not know to whom the flat belonged. Some days later her father brought a Miss Cooper to tea, and on November 14 both her father and mother left the flat, her father telling her that he had arranged with Miss Cooper to look after her. She remained at the flat until November 20, when she and Miss Cooper went to Weymouth in a touring caravan. The only time that she went out was when she went in Miss Cooper's motorcar. The driver was a Mr. Jack May, who she thought was a French-American. On April 1, she motored with Jack May to Dymchurch, to a bungalow called Findlay Cot, in response to a letter from Miss Cooper. The defendant explained that Miss Cooper was very like her, but had darker hair and spoke with an American accent. They were considered sisters because they were dressed alike. The Magistrate committed the prisoner for trial at the next Kent Assizes.

#### JAPANESE ACTIVITY IN THE ARGENTINES.

LIKENS TO GERMAN METHODS.

The Buenos Ayres correspondent, Mr. Fernan Cid of A.B.C., a Madrid Journal, comments on the wonderful activity the Japanese have shown in every branch of commercial activity in the Argentine ever since the war broke out.

"The Japanese found in this country a vast field for their activities and a spirit of tolerance, which was wanting in other quarters." Thus, through their patience and diligence in work, the Japanese have made their way into every branch of commerce, and won a high reputation. "Japan attained this end through the employment of methods other countries with more experience in modern life did not bring into work. The Japanese are specialists and experts; they did not trust their action in South America to the hands of private enterprise which lacked preparation; all those who devote themselves to one of the above named activities (banking, commerce, agriculture, politics) came from the commercial schools of Kyoto, Nagoya, Nagasaki, Tokyo, etc. In this way, their commercial houses are veritable centres of commercial information, propaganda, and activity. The advantage the employment of these methods brings to the Japanese community is incalculable. With the exception of the German, none else pursued this road of expansion with such a perfect and systematic plan. The others always acted on their initiative, without special regard to their fatherland's national interests. The efforts of these people (Japanese) deserves great praise. There men, small, affable, orderly are the Titans of work; besides, they carry in their minds the inexhaustible vigour of conquerors, confident in their will, preparation and collective cohesion. How many European opponents will now have to learn from them."

#### NEW AND CANTON THEATRE.

AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT

HENRI MARCHANT,

AN INTERNATIONAL

SINGER, WILL GIVE A

SELECTION OF UP-TO-

DATE AMERICAN, ENG-

LISH & FRENCH SONGS.

NOTICE.

1. The Custodian in China of Enemy Property, hereby invites tenders by British Subjects for the purchase of the leasehold property situated in the BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMEN, and known and registered at H.B.M. Consulate-General at Canton as LOT NUMBER 24, which leasehold property is held subject to the Lessee's covenants and the conditions contained in a Crown Lease of the said Lot for 99 years terminating on the 2nd day of September, 1960. This property, which was lately occupied by J. H. & Co., has an area of 12,645 sq. ft. and is situated at the corner of South Avenue and First Street. A Residence, Godown and Servants' Quarters are built upon the site.

2. The Custodian further invites tenders by British Subjects for the purchase of the leasehold property situated in the BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMEN, and known and registered at H.B.M. Consulate-General at Canton as LOT NUMBER 51, which leasehold property is held subject to the Lessee's covenants and the conditions contained in a Crown Lease of the said Lot for 99 years terminating on the 3rd day of September, 1960. This property, which was lately occupied by Melchers and Company, has an area of 12,645 sq. ft. and is situated at the corner of Central Avenue and Third Street. A Residence, Godown and Comptroller's Quarters are built upon the site.

3. Particulars and conditions of sale of either of the above properties may be obtained by applying in Canton to H.B.M. Consul-General, in Hongkong to the Chartered Bank of India Australia and China, and in Shanghai to the Custodian direct.

4. Inspection of the properties can be arranged by applying to H. B. M. Consul-General at Canton.

5. Tenders in writing for either of the properties, which should be addressed to "The Custodian in China of Enemy Property, 20 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai, 1st July, 1919."

ALLAN G. Mossop, Custodian in China of Enemy Property, 20 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai, 1st July, 1919.

#### "BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"BENLEDI"

From MIDDLESBRO, LONDON

AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and or extra hazardous godown of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th July, will be subject to rest.

Claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 20th July or they will not be recommended.

All Broken, Chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 12th July at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBBS, LIVINGSTON & CO. Agents, Hongkong, 2nd July, 1919.

#### THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

IN view of a resolution passed by the Board of Directors at a meeting held 21st June, 1919, the Bank is in charge of the Manager, Mr. J. Usang Ly. The resolution reads:—

"It was resolved that in order to carry out the new policy of the Board to assume more active control the President be requested to refrain from exercising his usual powers of active administration of the Bank pending the revision of the Articles of Association by an Extraordinary and Special Meetings of the Shareholders the date for which meetings are to be decided later."

By order of the Board,  
J. K. CHOW, Secretary.

Hongkong, 23rd June, 1919.

#### COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

From this date until further notice Mr. George Herbert Elliott has been appointed Acting Local Manager of the Hongkong Branch of this Company.

W. H. TRENCHARD DAVIS, Manager for China, Hongkong, 1st July, 1919.

#### NOTICE.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

NOTICE is hereby given that under instructions from the Central Bureau of Liquidation Peking, Allied and Neutral Nationalities having deposits in the above Bank in Gold currency are required to register same with the Local Bureau of Liquidation of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, care of the Bank of China, Canton, within two weeks from date, Canton, 5th July, 1919.

#### NOTICE.

NOTICE.—The Colonial Secretary will be pleased if all those who went from Hongkong on Active Service and have now returned to the Colony will communicate their names and addresses to the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 7th July, 1919.

#### NOTICE.

FETTES COLLEGE WAR MEMORIAL FUND.

Any old Fettesians who would like information with regard to the above Fund may obtain same from B.D.F. Bethel, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co. Shanghai, who will also be glad to receive subscriptions on behalf of the Honorary Treasurers.

#### THE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.

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delicious ICE CREAMS in various flavours can be sent out ready for serving for PICNIC TIFIN or DINNER PARTIES From \$2.50 per doz. D.M. CORRY, Manager, 407, Queen's Road, Hongkong.



(Continued from Page 6.)

But I do believe it can be sincere. I claimed that never before did statesmen deliberate on the results of a great war with a more genuine desire to secure what is just and right for all to keep clear of more vindictiveness—terrible as has been the provocation—to consider the small nations in some other light than as spoils of war to be bartered about amongst the great, to lay the

in the recent triumph. He has wrought. To Him be glory, and if that be not only pictured in words but diligently pursued in life and work. His glory will be manifested to our children's children in a world where peace abides because goodwill prevails and the nations of the earth have learnt to obey the Christ. Who alone is our peace. In Whom only can be broken down

Peace—freedom, victory in the triumph of Good over Evil, order and obedience to the law, unity in disciplined action—these have been the crowning of our sacrifice, the reward of our efforts in the war which the Allied nations have won.

O Guardian of Israel, grant that the  
remnant of Thy people, as witnesses  
of the atrocities of hatred, shall stand  
against Israel. O Father, grant that  
the shadow of Thy love shall bring  
expression and understanding to the  
Nation, the Jew, and the Gentile.  
O Father, grant that the  
O Father, grant that the

## MORE PEACE DETAILS

Historic scenes in the French Chamber pregnant with the deepest emotion occurred when M. Clemenceau formally presented the Bill for the ratification of the Peace Treaty. "Le Journal" states that in order to hasten the date of the operation of the Peace Treaty as soon as the Treaty is ratified by Germany and any three of the great Allies, the latter will appoint delegates to declare at a meeting at Paris that the Treaty has been regularly confirmed whereupon the Peace Terms will be immediately enforced.

London, June 29

\_\_\_\_\_ //

"London, July 1.

In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law announced that it was decided to hold Peace Thanksgiving Services throughout the country on July 6. Their Majesties would attend the service at Saint Paul's, at which the Speaker and Lord Chancellor would be present. Peers and members of the House of Commons would be invited. It was furthermore contemplated to hold a national rejoicing on June 19, when celebrations would be held in London wherein the Navy, Army, Mercantile Marine etc. would be represented, and American troops would be invited to participate. He hoped the day of general rejoicing would be observed throughout the country and the Empire.

Part 1 June 30

Paris metal workers return to work to-day after a month's strike.

perfect rest beneath the shelter of the divine presence in the created places among the holy and pure who shine as living members of the Kingdom of God. The Kingdom of God is not a place, but a presence, and it is this presence that we seek to share with all who are in need of it.

11-11-68  
11-11-68  
11-11-68  
11-11-68

SECRET

100-443887-100



## EARLIER TELEGRAMS

## THE PREMIER'S RETURN.

London, June 30.

There were memorable scenes on the occasion of the Prime Minister proceeding to Parliament on his return from Paris. A large crowd assembled outside the official residence in Downing Street and overflowed to Whitehall. Cheering began as Mr. Lloyd George was seen to enter a car. The vehicle proceeded with difficulty the people pressing round and tremendously ovating the occupant. These demonstrations were renewed by members of the House on the Premier entering the chamber. Almost the entire House rose and cheered repeatedly and waved order papers. The Liberal opposition and Labourites momentarily remained seated but after being constantly enjoined to do honour to the Premier Mr. Donald MacLean and most of his followers participated, amid redoubled cheering, in the course of which most of the Labourites rose. The exceptions were the Liberals, Mr. Kenworthy and Mr. Hodges. The members then broke out into the National Anthem in which the occupants of the galleries and reporters joined. After three hip-hip-hurrahs Mr. MacLean welcomed and congratulated Mr. Lloyd George on his return from as arduous and responsible labours as any British Minister had ever undertaken. (Loud Cheers.) The Premier looked pale and tired, and was again ovated on rising. He movingly acknowledged the reception and referred to the Treaty as the most comprehensive and most far-reaching document ever concluded, whether from the standpoint of the number and might of the contracting nations or the infinite variety of interests or whether they regarded the great promising new experiment therein embodied which might alter the whole character of affairs of the world and give a new turn to the destiny of mankind.

The Premier alluded to the gigantic character of the interests involved and the fear that had been felt lest any falling on his part should prejudice the country. He announced the Government's intention to introduce a Bill on July 3 if possible giving effect to the Treaty. (Loud cheers.) Mr. Seddon hoped the fact would be recorded that Mr. Neil MacLean on this historic occasion had remained seated and shown disrespect to the Crown to which he had signed fealty.

## THE POLISH TREATY.

Paris, June 30.

M. Clemenceau has sent a letter to M. Paderewski transmitting the Polish Treaty for signature in connection with Article 23 of the German Treaty. He points out that the Polish Treaty does not constitute a fresh departure in negotiating with the newly created state, and quotes precedents therefore. The new Treaty differs in form from the earlier conventions owing to the establishment of the League of Nations and owing to new situations which have arisen. The Polish articles deal with guarantees of full privileges of citizenship to all genuine residents in the territory transferred to Polish Sovereignty and with a provision of discrimination against Polish citizens differing by religion, language or race from the large mass of the population. The next article deals with minorities such as Polish citizens of German origin. Two further clauses deal specifically with Jewish citizens in Poland, for whom special protection appears to be necessary. Economic Clauses have been drafted with a view to facilitating the establishment of equitable commercial relations between Poland and the other Allies, without securing any special advantages for the Allies as against other members of the League of Nations. M. Clemenceau expresses the sincere satisfaction of the Allies at the re-establishment of an Independent Poland and announces that the Treaty with Poland will be signed at the same time as the Treaty of Peace with Germany.

## SIR DOUGLAS HAIG ON PENSIONS.

London, July 1.

Giving evidence before the Committee of Inquiry into Pensions Administration Sir Douglas Haig scathingly denounced the present system of providing for sufferers of the war and declared that many disabled officers were absolutely starving and soldiers' families were living in abject poverty. He urged more generous State provision for such sufferers, including a flat rate of at least £2 weekly for totally disabled men.

## THE CABLE CENSORSHIP.

London, July 1.

In the House of Commons at question time Mr. Churchill stated that the cable censorship would be relaxed very shortly. He emphasised that the Government had given most earnest attention to this most urgent and most important question with a view to relieving the public and the commercial world of this impediment as early as was consistent with the safety of the country.

## SERVICE OF INDIANS.

London, June 30.

In the House of Commons replying to Col. Yate the Hon. E. S. Montagu said the Raj during the investigation of conditions of service of Indians would consider the question of giving immediate relief by the Government providing all charges, also free forage, free quarters or lodging allowances according to rank, the abolition of mess fund subscriptions, more liberal rules with regard to travelling, and the detention of allowances.

## INTERNATIONAL MESSAGE.

Paris, June 30.

Replying to a message from King George V. Poincaré said France rejoices at peace which following upon a long comradeship, will permit the French and English nations to collaborate with confident intimacy for progress and humanity. King Alfonso telegraphed that Spain shares the joy of France which says her heroically supported sacrifices recompensed. M. Poincaré said at a banquet of the Association of the department and republicans that the counsel for victorious France was to take confidence and definitely develop her forces of labour. Socialists must be good peace workers.

## FOREIGNERS IN FRANCE.

Paris, June 30.

The French Government has issued a decree ordering the expulsion of all foreigners who have been convicted of crimes or offences during the war.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS

## INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

London, June 30.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Bennett with regard to representations of Transvaal Indians with regard to the recent Asiatics Trading Act Capt. Amery stated that it was a matter of controversy how far the Act continued the diminution of existing legal rights of Indians in the Transvaal or merely prevented Indians from evading the existing legislation. Anyhow he sincerely trusted it would not have the suggested effect of creating resentment in India.

## THE PRIZE RING.

London, June 30.

At the National Sporting Club in the Bantamweight Championship of Britain, twenty rounds, Walter Ross of Glasgow beat Tommy Noble of Bermuda, the holder, in the tenth round.

## CONDITIONS IN GERMANY.

London, July 1.

Reports of British officers on the economic conditions prevailing in Germany have been issued in a White Paper describing the visit to Silesia in April. The officers report that Germany possesses a sound case for claiming early relief. There is a genuine shortage of staple foodstuffs and the health of the population has suffered seriously during the last three years and the stage has been reached when the working classes can no longer be trusted to keep peace. Count Rantzen interviewed repeated the statement he made to the secret Cabinet meeting in January that Bolshevism is the only subject over which Germany and the Entente can possibly meet at the Conference Table and act conjointly in the interests of all.

Berlin, July 1.

The strike of tramways of the city and railways began this morning. The city is deprived of practically all its means of transport. Papers state that the strike movement was organised by the ex-Chief of Police Eichhorn and engineered by Communists with funds supplied by the Hungarian Soviet Republic, part whereof was also sent to Hamburg. Speaking at meeting of the Independent Socialists in Berlin Herr Haase and Herr Hoffmann urged the workers to prepare for the establishment of a Proletarian Dictatorship.

Berlin, July 1.

Following food disturbances, excesses occurred at Bielefeld. The mob occupied the Town Hall and rail station and forced a number of works to close down. They seized quantities of rifles and ammunition. Two were killed and a number injured.

Berlin, June 30.

Herr Noske has prohibited the sale of arms and ammunition in districts under martial law and has ordered that acts of terrorism and interruption of traffic and railways be most strongly suppressed.

## JAPAN AND GERMANY.

Paris, July 1.

With regard to the recent discredited rumour of a secret Germano-Japanese Treaty it is authoritatively stated that Germany during the war made several very tempting offers to Japan to change sides. Perhaps the most important thereof was made in 1917 when Germany offered Japan a free hand in the Dutch Colonies including Java and Sumatra. The British Government on learning this communicated it to the Dutch Government. These offers received no consideration by the Japanese Government.

## HUNGARIAN COUNTER-REVOLUTION.

Paris, June 30.

A wellknown neutral from Budapest declared that the recent counter-revolution broke out primarily owing to the work of Belakun's agents and provocateurs. A night of terror followed the collapse. Terrorists dragged people from their homes where the counter revolutionary colours were flown and slaughtered over four hundred. The Soviet however is only saved temporarily as the hatred of the workers must again blaze out against the Soviet. Belakun is only supported by the rabble.

## RUMANIA AND HUNGARY.

Berne, June 28.

Rumania has informed the Peace Conference that she is unable to withdraw her troops to the line of demarcation as long as she has no guarantee that Hungary will carry out her engagements.

Copenhagen, July 1.

A message from Budapest says in accordance with the Allies instructions Hungarian troops have begun to evacuate Czech-Slovak territory.

## HAMBURG OCCUPIED.

Copenhagen, July 1.

A message from Hamburg states Lettow-Vorbeck's troops the occupied city without fighting.

## SERBIANS ADVANCING.

London, June 28.

Russo-Serbiens have advanced seven miles in the Shumga district and occupied Uzitsa nine miles south-east of Kaptelga. The Bolsheviks destroyed an important railway bridge over the Uzitsa River which will greatly impede the Allies advance.

## THE DISCOVERY.

London, July 1.

Reiter learns that the British Government has received a report from the French Government that the discovery of a large quantity of nitrate of potash in the Transvaal will greatly increase the value of this discovery.

## NOTICES

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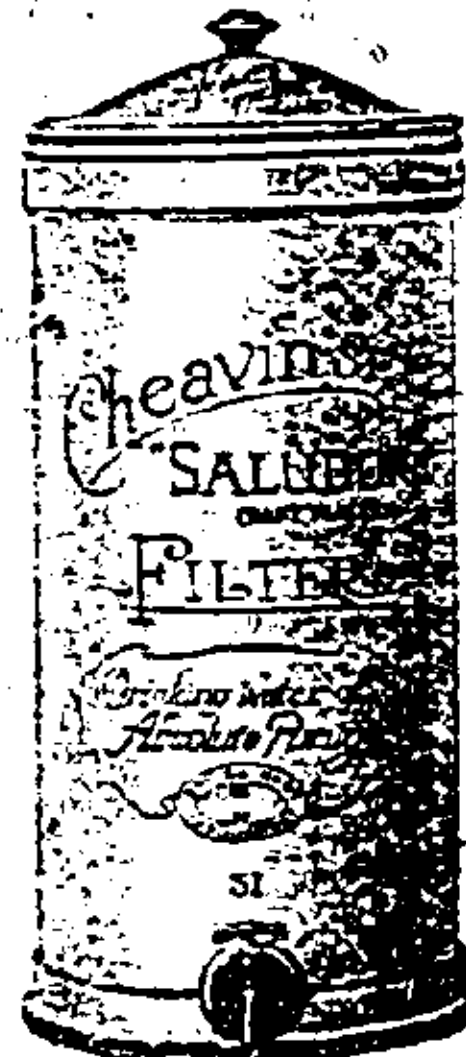
Characteristically attractive in design remarkable for completeness of appointments and refinement of finish, it combines unusual power with ease of operation and economy of maintenance. Yet its price is very moderate.

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## COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## FUKUSHIMA SPINNING MILL FOR SALE.

It is reported that the Fukushima Spinning Mill, in Osaka, which has been contemplating a radical reform for some time past, has now decided to sell its works to a party headed by Mr. J. Yamamoto. The sale is to be effected at ¥100 per spindle. At present the mill has about 17,800 spindles and the total value of sale is, therefore, estimated to amount to about ¥1,800,000. The handing over of the works is expected to take place one year after the conclusion of the contract and the mill will probably come under the control of the new management about the summer of next year.

## THE STEEL MARKET.

The steel market in Japan on June 19 showed favourable indications of improvement. Sheets were up to ¥12.50 per 10 kwamme. Plates were weak and could be obtained at the same figure. Shipbuilders business was on a fair way to recovery, but was not developed enough to affect the price of steel plates. Plates were quoted at ¥9 per 10 kwamme, while rounds were up to ¥7.50 per 10 kwamme. Squares were up to ¥9 per 10 kwamme, while angles and channels were being quoted at ¥5.80 and ¥10 per 10 kwamme.

## JAPANESE ELECTRIC CO.

The following are the accounts of the Wakayama Hydro-Electric Company:—  
Net profit and balance brought forward ¥413,000  
Legal reserve 30,000  
Reserve for repairs 50,000  
Bonus and social expenses to the officials 25,000  
Dividend (12 per cent.) 268,800  
Carried forward 39,880

## AN AFRICAN NITRATE DISCOVERY.

The African Saltpetre Company has issued a circular to shareholders stating that a discovery has been reported on lands in the neighbourhood of the company's properties in Griqualand West, South Africa, which may prove of considerable importance to the future of this company. The discovery is that the discovery of nitrate of potash which this company was 25 years ago advised to look for in the loose earth lying at the foot of the hills are actually found in the shales forming the hills themselves. A company with a capital of £100,000 has been formed in South Africa to work the saltpetre deposits on the farms in view of the information they have received from the discovery of the saltpetre in the shales. The discovery of the saltpetre in the shales is a very important discovery and the company is now in the process of applying for a lease of the land on which the saltpetre is found.

## PEACE CELEBRATIONS

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TO-DAY'S SHARE  
QUOTATIONS

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Banks	
H.K. & S. Banks n.	\$713 3/4
Marine Insurances.	
Cantons n.	\$437 1/2
North China n.	\$320
Unions n.	\$180
Yangtzes n.	\$35 1/2
Far Eastern n.	\$23
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire n.	\$141
H. K. Fire n.	\$330
Shipping.	
Douglases n.	\$96 1/2
Steamboats n.	\$23
Indos (Prof.) n.	\$32
Indos (Def.) n.	\$158
Shells n. ex. div. 200	\$34
Ferries n.	\$34
Refineries.	
Sugars n.	\$159
Malabons n.	\$40
Mining.	
Kailans n.	55 1/2
Langkats n.	21
Shanghai Loans n.	21
Shai Explorations n.	2
Ranhs n.	44 1/2
Tronohs n.	52 1/2
Urals n.	52 1/2
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.	
H.K. Wharves n.	\$93
K. Docks n.	\$157
Shai Docks n.	\$139
N. Engineerings n.	\$27
Lands, Hotels & Buildings.	
Centrals n.	\$112 1/2
H.K. Hotels n.	\$123
L. Inves t. n.	\$118
H. Phreys Est. n.	\$8
K. loon Lands n.	\$46
L. Reclamations n.	\$175
West Points n.	\$84
Cotton Mills.	
Ewos n.	305
Kung Yiks n.	35
Lau Kung Mows n.	200
Oriental n.	100
Shai Cottons n.	218 1/2
Yangtzepeos n.	15
Miscellaneous.	
Cements n.	\$8 1/4
China Borneos n.	\$13
Do. Light n. old b. 15 1/2 new	\$7 1/4
China Providents n.	\$7 1/4
Dairy Farms n.	29
Electric H. K. n.	\$73
Electric Macao n.	\$34
Hongkong Ropes n.	\$31 1/2
Hk. Tramways n.	\$7.40
Peak Trams, old n.	\$7 1/2
Do. new n. cts.	80
Steam Laundries n.	\$3 1/4
Steel Foundries n.	\$13 1/2
Water-works n.	\$5.55
Watsons n.	\$12
Wm. Powells n.	\$29
Wisemans n.	\$29

Hongkong, July 7, 1919.

## WEATHER REPORT.

July 7d. 12h. 10m. - The return from Japan, Vladivostok, Weiwei and Indo-China. Pressure has increased slightly at the majority of reporting stations; it remains lowest over Tongking.

Hongkong Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.99 inch. Total since January 1st 37.47 inches, an average of 41.37 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

1 Hongkong to Gap Rock S. & N.W. winds, moderate at times, occasional rain.

2 Formosa Channel The same as No. 1.

3 South coast of China b. The same as No. 1.

4 South coast of China b. The same as No. 1.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Chief Assistant, Hongkong Observatory, July 7, 1919.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous Day's data: On date, 1 p.m. at 6 a.m. at 3 p.m.

Barometer 29.75 29.77 29.81

Temperature 80 74 81

Humidity 87 82 83

Wind Direction E. S. E. S. W.

Force 2 3 3

Weather 2.15 0.00 0.11

Rain 2.15 0.00 0.11

Highest open air temperature on the 6th to 7th 77

H. K. Observatory, July 7, 1919.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

## NOTICE

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MURORAN, OTARU, VLADIVOS-  
TOK, PEKING, TIENTSIN, DAIREN,  
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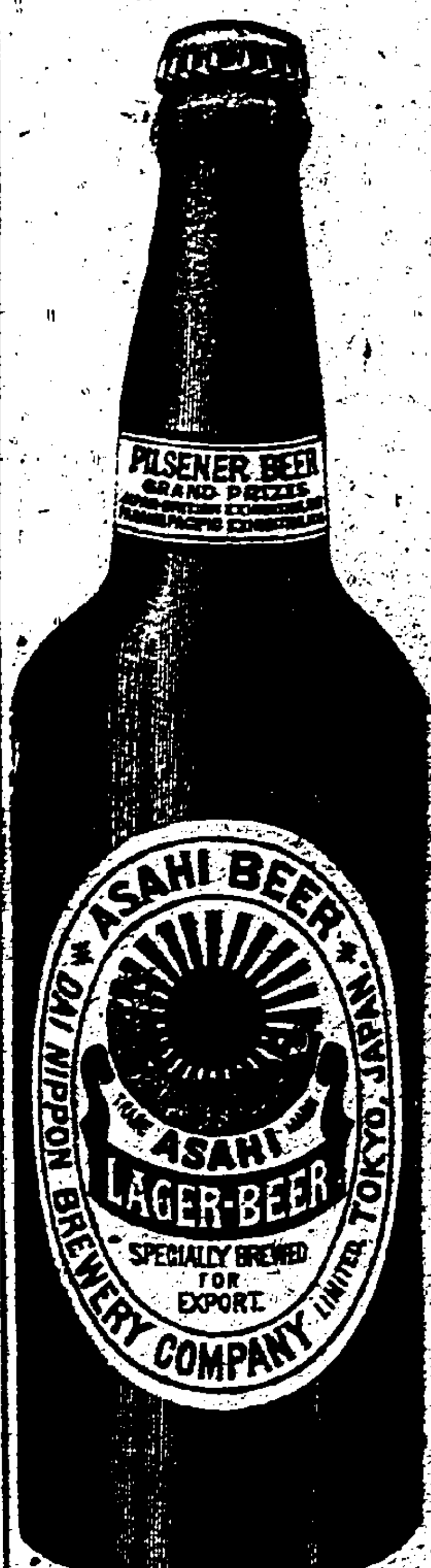
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Will fill your heart with joy.

A HAROLD LLOYD COMEDY

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Telephone No. 453, Catering Department.

Telephone No. 1573, Manager.

J. H. TAGGART,  
Manager.

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J. H. TAGGART,  
Manager.

## SHIPPING.

## VESSELS ARRIVED.

Empress of Russia, 8789, Br. Capt. Robinson, Vancouver, C. P. O. S.—Mooring—A 4.  
Hangsang, 1356, Br. Capt. Cum-  
ing, Canton, J. M.—Mooring—  
C 34.  
Loongsang, 1093, Br. Capt. Leask, Manila, J. M.—Mooring—C 35.  
Taksang, 977, Br. Capt. Picknell, Haiphong, J. M.—Mooring—C 19.  
Chinhua, 1224, Br. Capt. Speed, Bangkok, B. & S.—Mooring—C 45.  
Teau, 1226, Br. Capt. Scott, Shanghai, B. & S.—Mooring—B 12.  
Binalde, 2509, Br. Capt. Struth, London, G. Livingstone.—Mooring—Wharf.  
Cardum, 3197, Br. Capt. Jones, Balikpapan, A. Pet.—Mooring—Lai Chi Kok.  
Shinon, 1140, Br. Capt. Goodes, Hongay, San Peh.—Mooring—A 3.  
Tatouise, 245, Fr. Capt. Levallap, Saigon, Yee Cheong.  
Sultan Van Koetel, 1113, Out. Capt. Vygeboom, Tamsui, A. Pet.  
Tjisondari, 5016, Amer. Capt. Amworth, Port Arthur, Dollar Co.—Mooring—A 28.  
Lienhsing, 1049, Br. Capt. Muir, Saigon, Kung Yuen.—Mooring—C 47.

## VESSELS CLEARED.

Kiasin Maru for Keelung.  
Wing Hoi for E. O. Wan.  
Hok Canyon for Hoihow.  
Kiasin Maru No. 28 for Swatow.  
Shinon for Haiphong.  
Shinon for Shanghai.  
Hoihow for Canton.  
Tatouise for Haiphong.  
Tatouise for Haiphong.

## POST OFFICE.

## INWARD MAILS.

Shanghai—Per DUNERA, 8th July.  
Europe via Negapatam—Per WOLLOWRA, 8th July.  
Straits—Per INABA MARU, 10th July.  
U.S.A. & Manila—Per ECUADOR, 10th July.  
Manila—Per WEST SEQUANA, 10th July.  
U.S.A. and Japan—Per TENYO MARU, 14th July.  
Calcutta & Straits—Per SHINGO MARU, 14th July.  
Straits—Per KAIFUKU MARU, 16th July.  
Australia and Manila—Per AKI MARU, 18th July.

## OUTWARD MAILS.

Hoihow, Pakhoi & Haiphong—Per KAIFONG, 8th July, 8 a.m.  
Saigon, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island—Per CHANGSHA, 8th July, 8.45 a.m. Letters 9.30 a.m.

## TO-MORROW.

Straits and Bangkok—Per HAUROTO, 8th July, 10 a.m.  
Shanghai and North China—Per TEAN, 8th July, 11 a.m.  
Straits and Bangkok—Per SORACHI MARU, 8th July, 1 p.m.  
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAITAN, 8th July, 1.30 p.m.  
Straits, Bangkok and Calcutta—Per KWAIBANG, 8th July, 2 p.m.

## WEDNESDAY, 10th JULY.

Swatow and Bangkok—Per KANCHOW, 9th July, 11 a.m.  
Straits, Amoy & South America—Per MALAY MARU, 9th July, 11 a.m.

## THURSDAY, 10th JULY.

Shanghai and North China—Per SUNNING, 10th July, 10 a.m.  
Shanghai, North China & Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central and South America and EUROPE via EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, 10th July, Reg. 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.  
Philippine Is., Japan via Moji, Canada, United States, Central and South America and EUROPE via CANADA—Per CHICAGO, 10th July, Reg. 5 p.m. Letters 11th 8.30 a.m.

## FRIDAY, 11th JULY.

Shanghai and North China Japan via Kobe—Per INABA M., 11th July, 10 a.m.  
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, India via Dhanushkodi, Egypt and EUROPE via SUEZ—Per MISHIMA M., 11th July, Registration 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.  
Shanghai and North China—Per EURYADES, 11th July, 2 p.m.  
Philippine Islands—Per LOONG-SANG, 11th July, 2 p.m.

Swatow, Weihsuiwei, Chetoo and Tientsin—Per KUEICHOW, 11th June, 3 p.m.

## SATURDAY, 12th JULY.

Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, South Africa, India via Dhanushkodi, Egypt and EUROPE via SUEZ—Per TATHYBIUS, 12th July, Reg. 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday, 11th July, at 5 p.m.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAITONG, 12th July, 5 p.m.  
Shanghai and North China—Per LYANGSE, 12th July, 5 p.m.